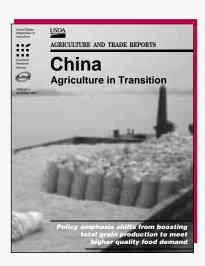
# Emerging changes in international agriculture: the role of China, Brazil, and Argentina

Two new reports from USDA's Economic Research Service

#### **China:**

#### **Agriculture in Transition**

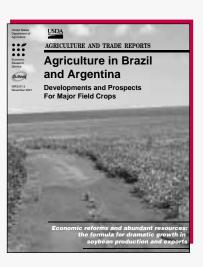
**External competition** and domestic changes in consumer preferences are reshaping China's agricultural production and policy. This report's up-to-date market analysis and policy information on major agricultural commodities will be valuable in addressing some key questions. Why, for example, were grain imports low in 2000 despite relatively low production? How will changes in China's livestock sector affect agricultural trade? Accession to the World Trade Organization is expected to accelerate the changes in China's agricultural production, policy, and trade.



### **Agriculture in Brazil and Argentina:**

## **Developments and Prospects for Major Field Crops**

Policy reforms in the 1990s, combined with abundant resources and new developments in agricultural research, spurred dramatic growth in Argentina's and Brazil's crop output and exports. Their increasing competitiveness in world oilseed and grain markets may foreshadow continued gains, as their economies become more integrated into global markets. In each country, the development of infrastructure, the dynamics of the livestock sector, and the stability of the economy will determine the pace of further growth in production and exports.



Watch for these reports in the China, Brazil, and Argentina briefing rooms
On the Economic Research Service website